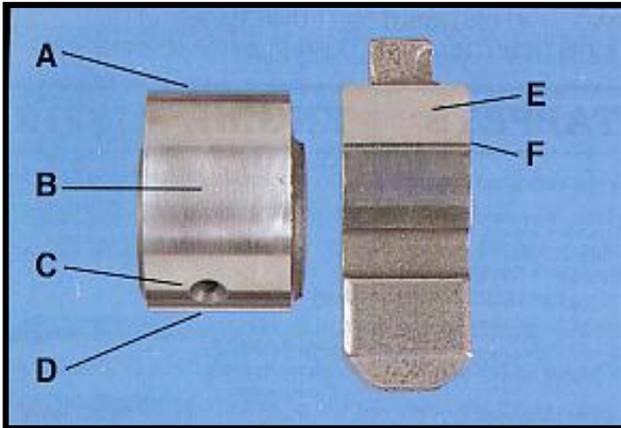


NORMAL APPEARANCE



FEATURES:

- 1) Components Clean!
- 2) Running surfaces will develop a polished surface.
- 3) Note "dwell" mark groove which develops as a standard feature on most finger & rocker arm followers. This is the point of maximum cam lift & loading & is not a "wear" problem!

TERMINOLOGY:

A = CAMSHAFT NOSE

B = RAMP

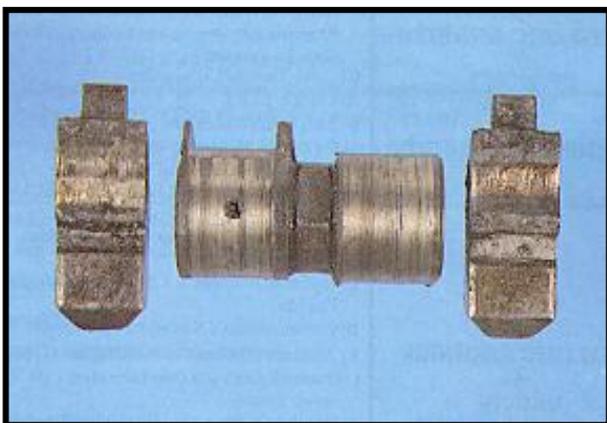
C = OIL FEED HOLE

D = BASE CIRCLE

E = FOLLOWER FACE

F = DWELL MARK

DIRTY OPERATING CONDITIONS



FEATURES:

- 1) Components layered with filthy carbonised oil crust.
- 2) Severe wear & metal loss with aggravated scoring.

3) Note oil hole on L/H cam lobe is blocked.

CAUSES:

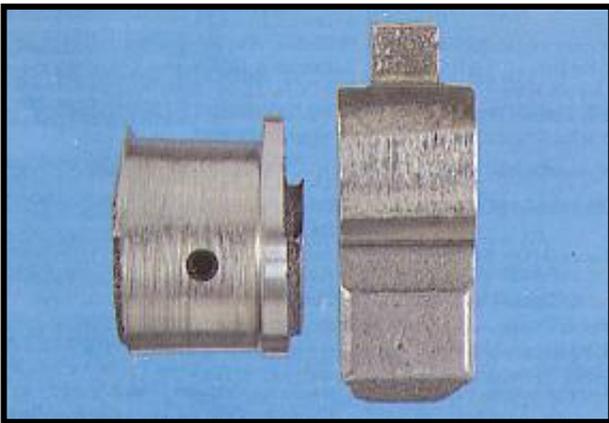
1) Dirty & fuel contaminated oil. Latent heat of engine on close down bakes the dirty oil & forms an ever thickening carbonised crust. Oil ways block & hydraulic columns seize.

2) Resulting lubrication failure promotes wear.

REMEDY:

1) Engine requires thorough cleaning which might involve total strip down. Ensure fuel emissions are within MOT requirements. Use top quality lubricant.

LUBRICATION CLEAN BUT INEFFICIENT



FEATURES:

- 1) Components Clean!
- 2) Severe cam wear & metal loss extending to base circle.
- 3) Severe follower face wear over total contact area.

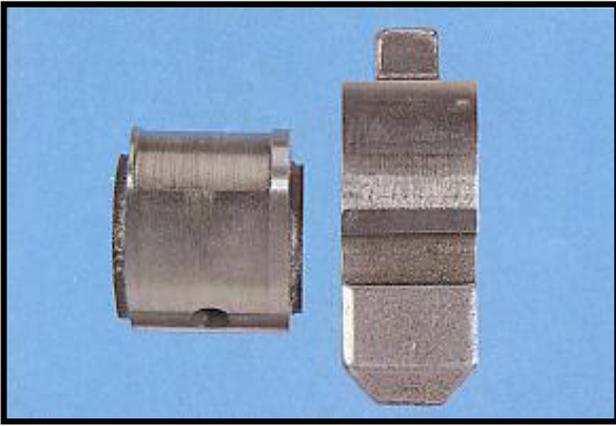
CAUSES:

- 1) Pure lack of oil pressure/supply.
- 2) Thin oil due to fuel contamination.
- 3) Old hydraulic ball studs overloading due to inherent contamination.

REMEDY:

- 1) Check oil pressure & supply if possible at cylinder head oil gallery plug.
 - 2) Ensure fuel emissions are within MOT requirements.
 - 3) Renew hydraulic ball studs.
-

BIASED BALL STUD LOADING



FEATURES:

- 1) Components clean.
- 2) Camshaft nose peak worn. Base circle & ramps in maiden condition.
- 3) Follower faces scored at hydraulic ball stud end.

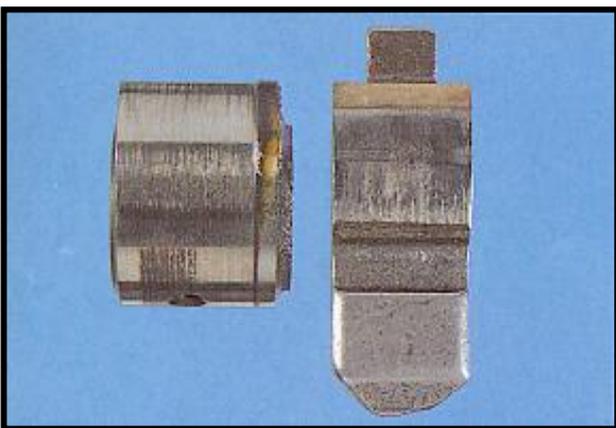
CAUSES:

- 1) Overloading of followers due to inefficient hydraulic ball stud.
- 2) Accelerating damage caused by insufficient lubrication at start up.

REMEDY:

- 1) Renew hydraulic ball studs.
 - 2) When fitting cam kit, always obtain oil pressure with spark or glow plugs removed.
-

EXCESSIVE HEAT GENERATION



FEATURES:

- 1) Camshaft nose peak scored. Yellow to blue tempering colouration on unused edge of cam.
- 2) Follower face beginning to score. Yellow to blue colouration of face ends & sides.

CAUSES:

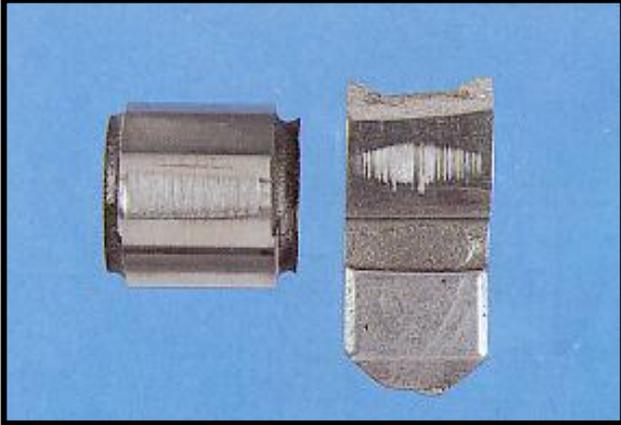
- 1) Poor quality oil or insufficient supply.
- 2) Thin oil due to fuel contamination.

3) General overheating due to coolant or ignition problems.

REMEDY:

- 1) Check oil pressure & supply, if possible at cylinder head oil gallery.
 - 2) Ensure fuel emissions are within MOT requirements.
 - 3) Address general overheating causes.
-

PISTON / VALVE IMPACT



FEATURES:

- 1) Cam nose has wear "flat" on its peak.
- 2) Follower has snapped central about face.
- 3) Break is vertical in valve open position.

CAUSES:

- 1) Valve & piston collision due to incorrect valve timing or ingress of foreign object into combustion chamber.
- 2) Incorrect diesel cylinder head gasket i.e. too thin.
- 3) Valve spring seating cup assembled upside down causing spring coil binding.

REMEDY:

- 1) Correct all above assembly faults.
-

LUBRICANT PARTICLE CONTAMINATION



FEATURES:

- 1) L/H failed follower has severe body scratches and top button has collapsed.
- 2) R/H normal follower has polished body. Top button is proud.

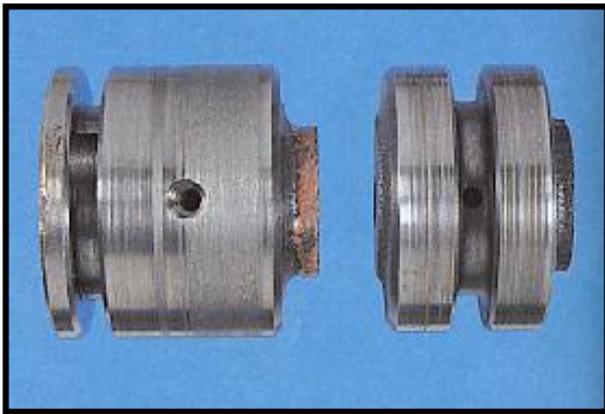
CAUSES:

- 1) Lubricant contaminated with tiny metal particles, inherent in oil from previous failure.
- 2) Internal parts of follower become scored, seize & collapse.

REMEDY:

- 1) Engine requires thorough cleaning which might involve total strip down.
-

LUBRICANT DEFICIENCY & CONTAMINATION



FEATURES:

- 1) L/H main journal has raised metal adhesions.
- 2) Severe wear & metal loss with aggravated scoring.

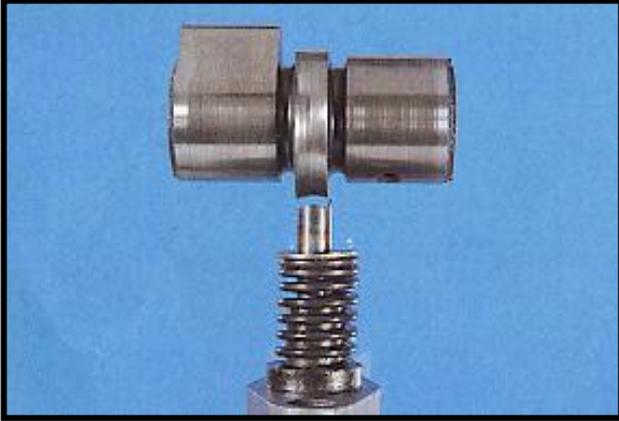
CAUSES:

- 1) L/H main journal has picked up in its housing due to oil pressure not being attained before initial start-up.
- 2) R/H main journal is scored due to inherent particle contamination in lubricant.

REMEDY:

- 1) Attain oil pressure before initial start-up.
 - 2) Engine requires thorough cleaning which might involve total strip down.
-

FUEL / VACUUM PUMP ROD WEAR



FEATURES:

- 1) Fuel or vacuum pump push rod face is worn. Camshaft pump eccentrics worn to same degree.

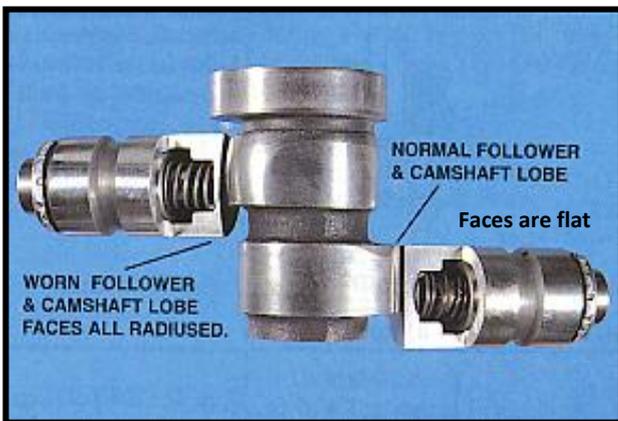
CAUSES:

- 1) Worn fuel or vacuum pump push rod assembled onto new camshaft.

REMEDY:

- 1) Renew parts as required.
-

BARREL FOLLOWER WEAR



FEATURES

- 1) L/H couple shows typical radiused face wear compared with normal R/H assembly which is flat. Note dishing in of L/H follower & reduced face thickness.

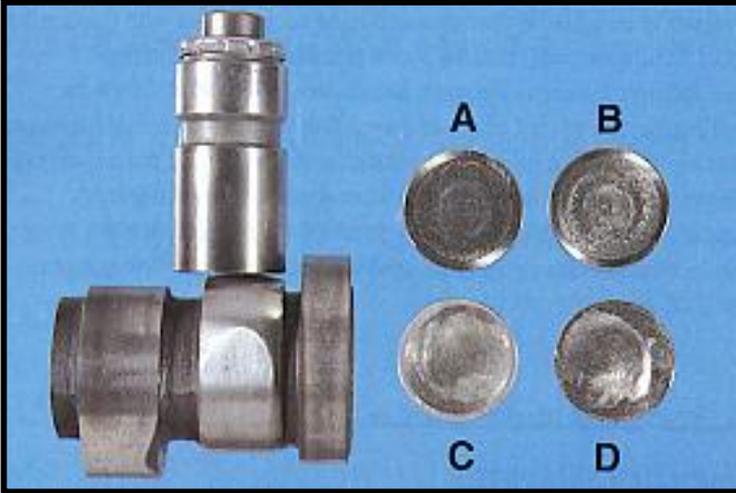
CAUSES

- 1) Insufficient or inefficient oil supply.
- 2) Particle contamination of lubricant.
- 3) Damage resultant of incorrect start up procedure.
- 4) Incorrect oil filter without anti drain off valve.

REMEDY

- 1) Check oil pressure & supply.
- 2) Check fuel emissions are within MOT requirements.
- 3) Ensure cleanliness of engine & oil ways.
- 4) Follow start up procedures of fitting leaflets.
- 5) Fit O/E or top quality oil filters.

NEW FOLLOWERS FITTED to WORN CAM



FEATURES:

- 1) Note point loading of worn cam to face of new follower.

SEQUENCE:

Follower (A) is still rotating but face contact is constrained to the centre causing a massive point contact overload. Follower (B) is still rotating but fatigue pitting & metal loss is developing. Visual dishing of follower face. Follower (C) has stopped spinning & friction & loading has now doubled. Cam lobe & follower face further deteriorate with the wear now extending outwards. Follower (D) will wear cam lobe further aggravated by metal particle contamination. Dishing extends right to the follower edge & fretting develops.

REMEDY:

Never fit new followers to existing cams (or vice-versa), particularly if the original faces shows signs of dishing. (As per photograph sequence above).

